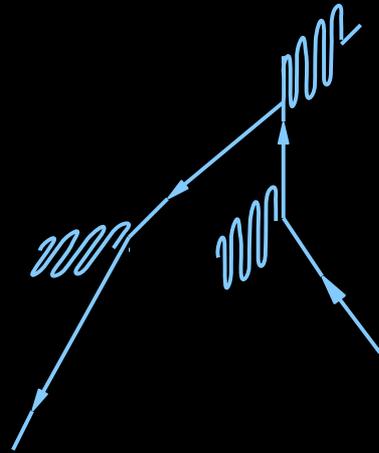


Pulsars with MAGIC



By Jezabel R. Garcia

On behalf of the authors



MAGIC & The Pulsars

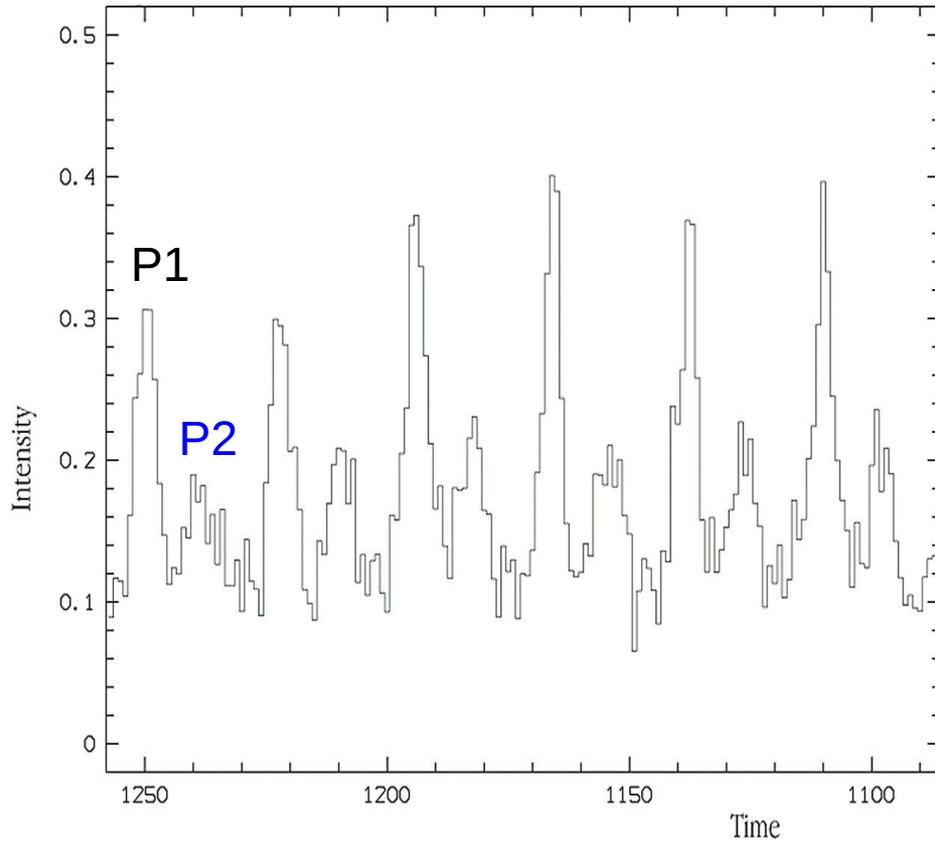
The Crab Pulsars at VHE

Lookig for Geminga

The new Sum-Trigger-II

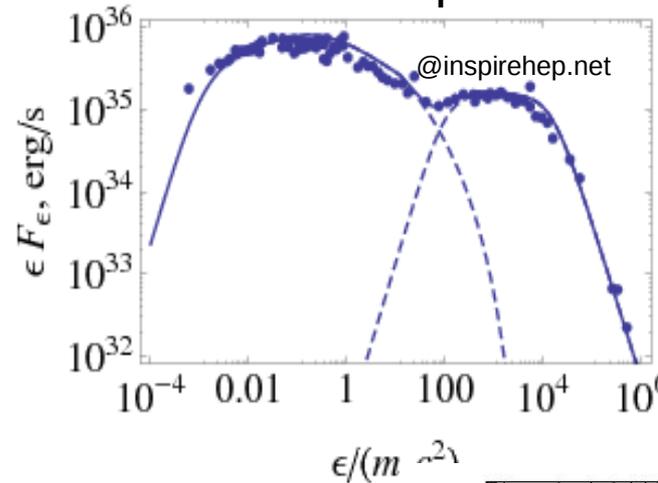
Pulsars at VHE: Very Short Introduction

- Light Curve



@ESO

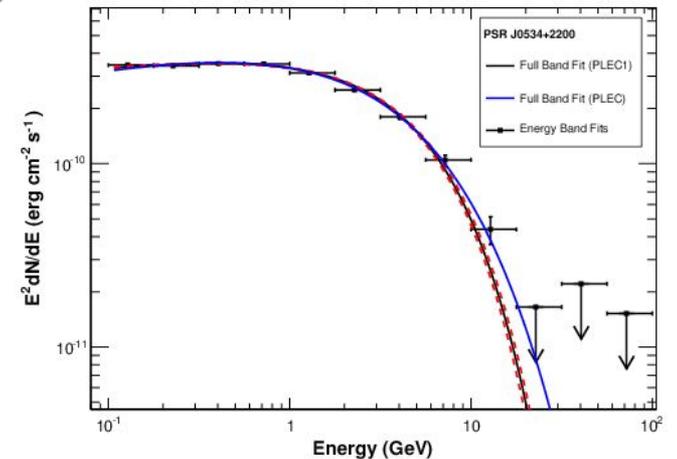
- SED Broadband spectrum of the Crab pulsar



- > 2200 radio pulsars
- > 160 HE pulsars (FERMI)
- 2 Pulsar at VHE
- Crab unique source

- HE SED

Power law with spectral break & exponential cut-off



@FERMI (2PC)

THE MAGIC TELESCOPES:

Stereoscopic system 2 IACTS, 17m diameter

Location ORM(28°N, 18°W)
2200m asl

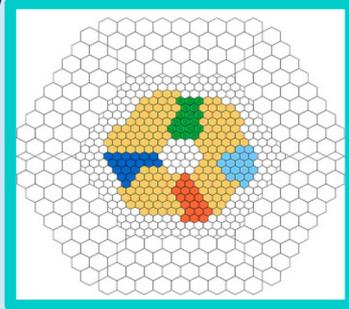
Energy threshold 50 GeV

Angular Resolution Better than 0.1°
for all energies.

Flux Sensitivity <0.7% Crab at 200 GeV.

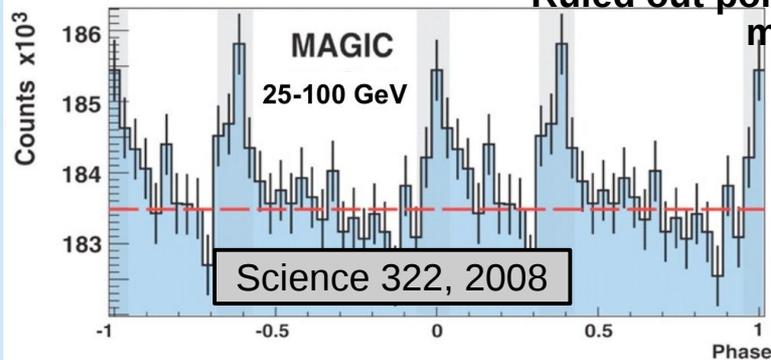
Magic & Crab Pulsar History

MAGIC Mono 2004 (2007: Readout Upgrade)



2008
Sum-Trigger I

- 2008: VHE Discovery, Science! Ruled out polar cap model



- 2011: Detection up to 100 GeV

(Mono data)

Excluded exponential cutoff at more than 6σ

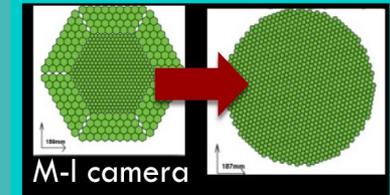
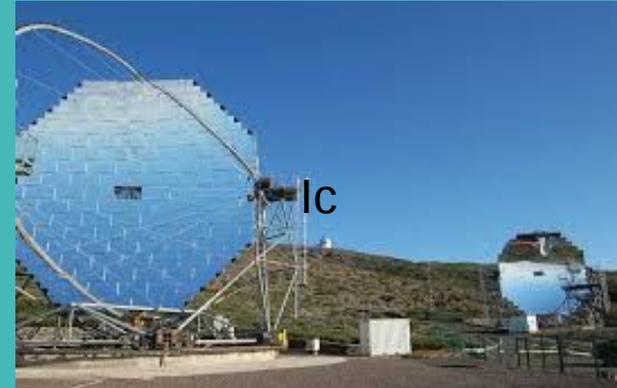
Aleksic et al. (MAGIC Collab.) ApJ 742 (2011) 43

- 2011, Detection Above 100 GeV VERITAS (Science, Volume 334, Issue 6052)

Meudon 2016

Pulsars with MAGIC

MAGIC Stereo 2009



2012 M1 camera & Readout upgrade

2014 Sum-Trigger-II see presentation T 52.8

by F. Dazzi Tue at 18:30

- 2012: Detection up to 400 GeV

(Stereo data, 2009 – 2011)

Aleksic et al. (MAGIC Collab.) A&A 540 (2012) A69

Not follow a power law with an exponential **cutoff**, but has an **additional hard component**

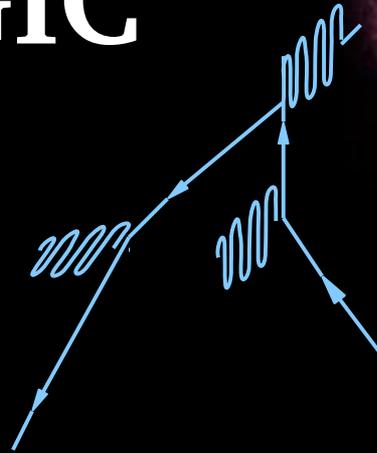
- 2014: Detection of bridge emission

(Stereo data, 2009 – 2013)

Aleksic et al. (MAGIC Collab.) A&A 565 (2014) 12

This emission can **not** be **explained** with the existing theories

The Crab pulsar at TeV energies with MAGIC

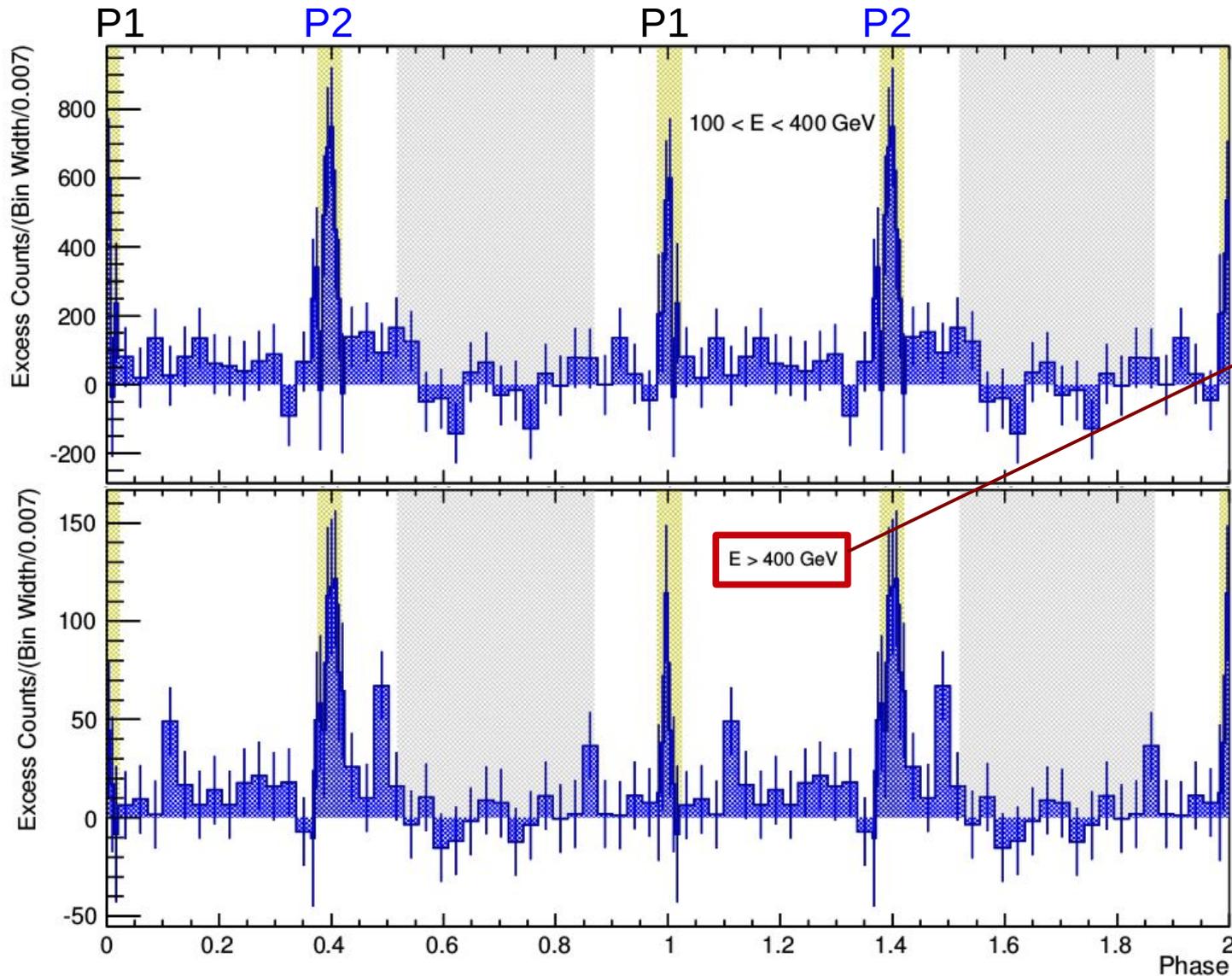


arXiv:1510.07048



- All data available since 2007 were reanalyzed: 8 years of data.
- The data was divided into 19 data sub-samples to account for differences in the hardware/observations settings.
- After quality selection cuts, 97 hours of mono and 221 hours of stereo data were obtained! ~320 h
- 6 persons involved in the analysis.
- Results highly cross-checked.

The Crab Pulsars at VHE: Profile



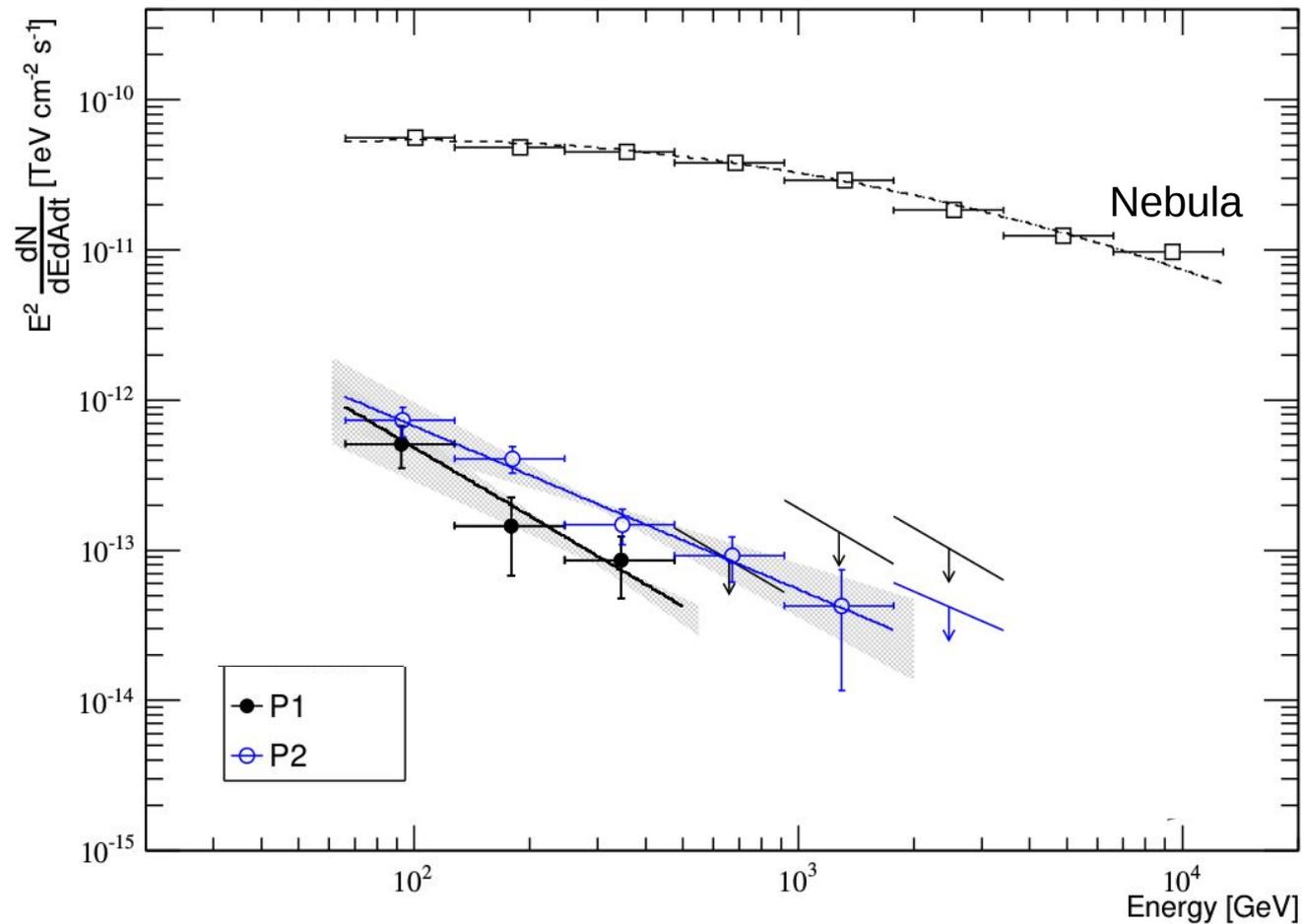
- Pulse detection
above 400 GeV:

P1: 2.2σ

P2: 6.0σ

- Pulse profile:

FWHM of P1 half at 400 GeV
that in the lower energy bin
(2σ)



- Spectral indices:

P1: $3.5 \pm 0.4 \pm 0.3$

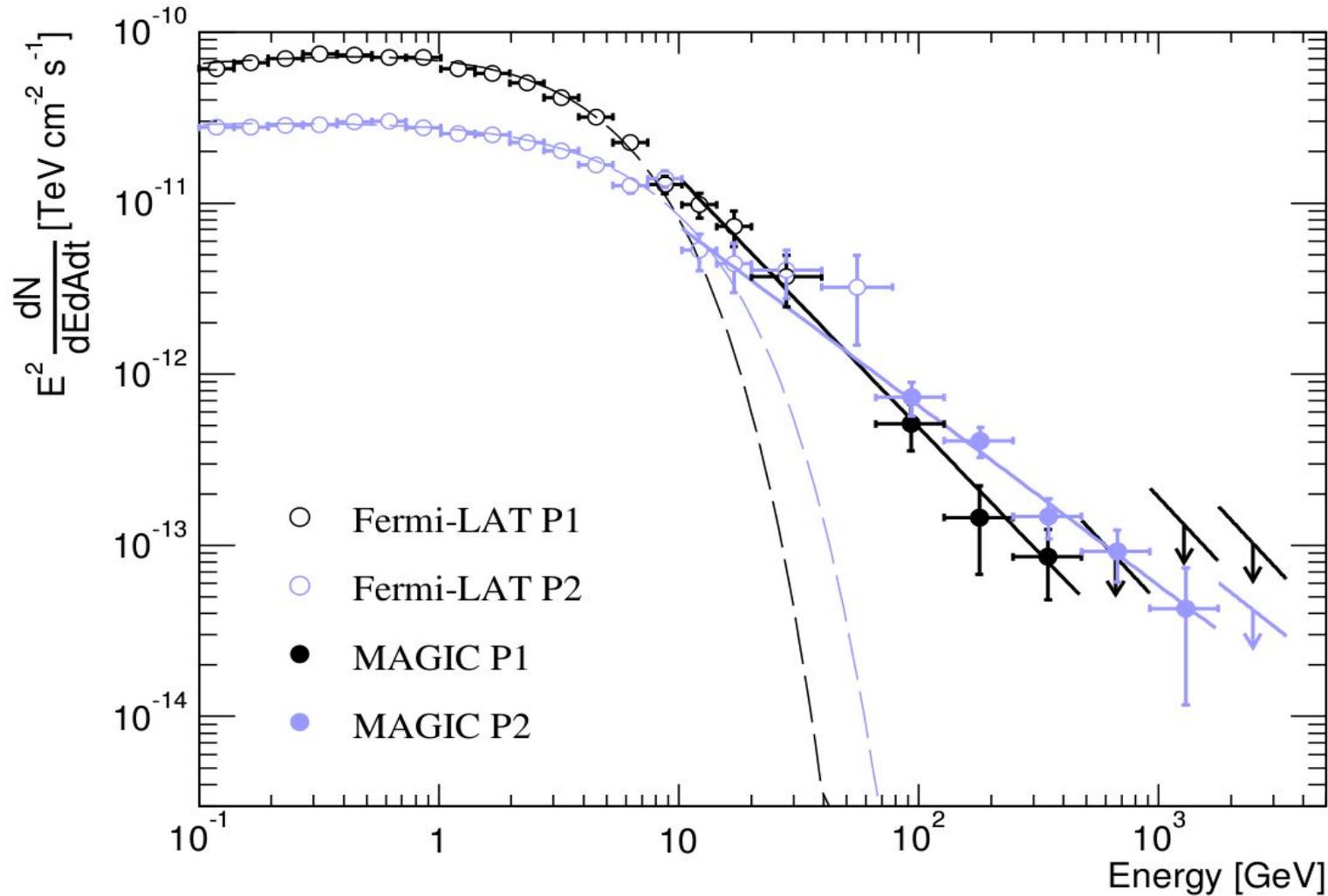
P2: $3.1 \pm 0.2 \pm 0.3$

- Spectrum extends
up to:

~ 0.5 TeV, P1

~ 1.7 TeV, P2

The Crab Pulsars at VHE: SED



**MAGIC
+
FERMI**

- Spectral indices:

P1: 3.5 ± 0.1

P2: 3.1 ± 0.1

$\Delta\alpha = 0.4 \pm 0.1$ (3σ)

- MAGIC detected the most energetic pulsed photons from the Crab, up to about 2 TeV.
- P1 could not be measured beyond 500 GeV. Power-law 3.5.
- P2 power-law spectrum extends up to ~ 2 TeV with a photon index of 3.1.
- **Constraining the mechanism:**

The detection of TeV photons implies that they are emitted:

- * by a population of electrons with $\Gamma > 5 \times 10^6$

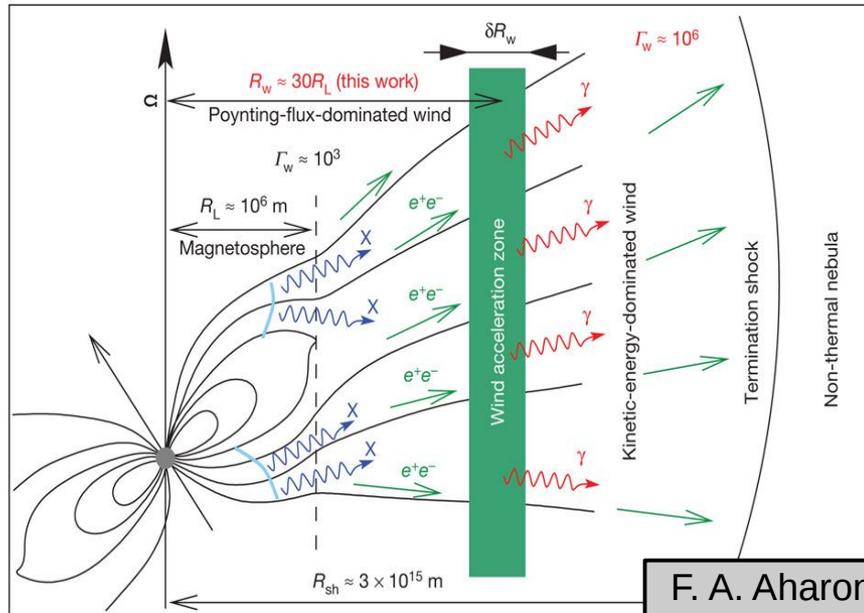
(Close to the maximum theoretically predicted)

- * Via inverse Compton, Synchrotron-curvature ruled out.

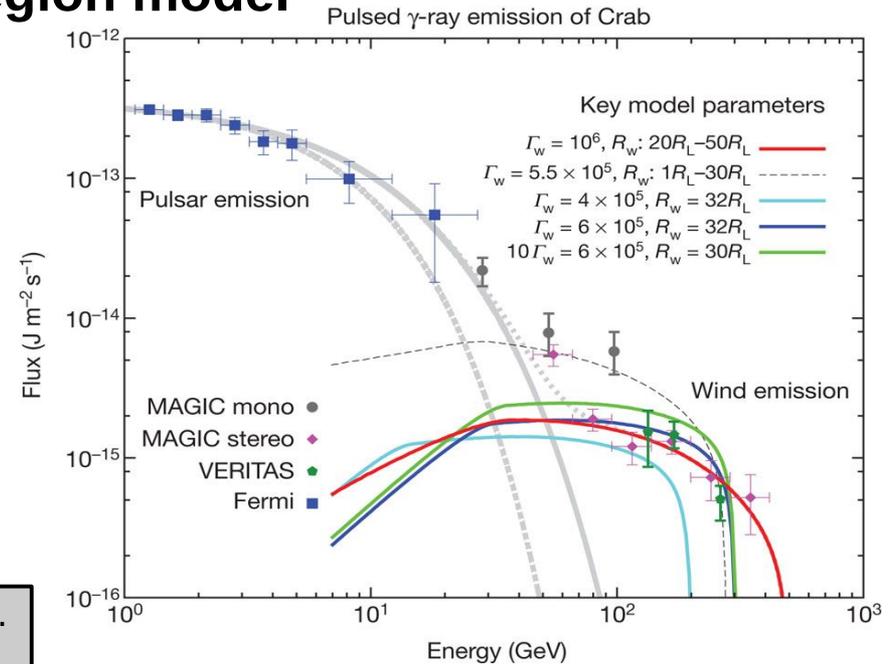
It would require unrealistic curvature radii ($R_c \sim 20R_{LC}$)

- Constraining the emission site (highly model dependent)

1. Inverse Compton in the pulsar wind region model



F. A. Aharonian et al.
Nature482, 507–509



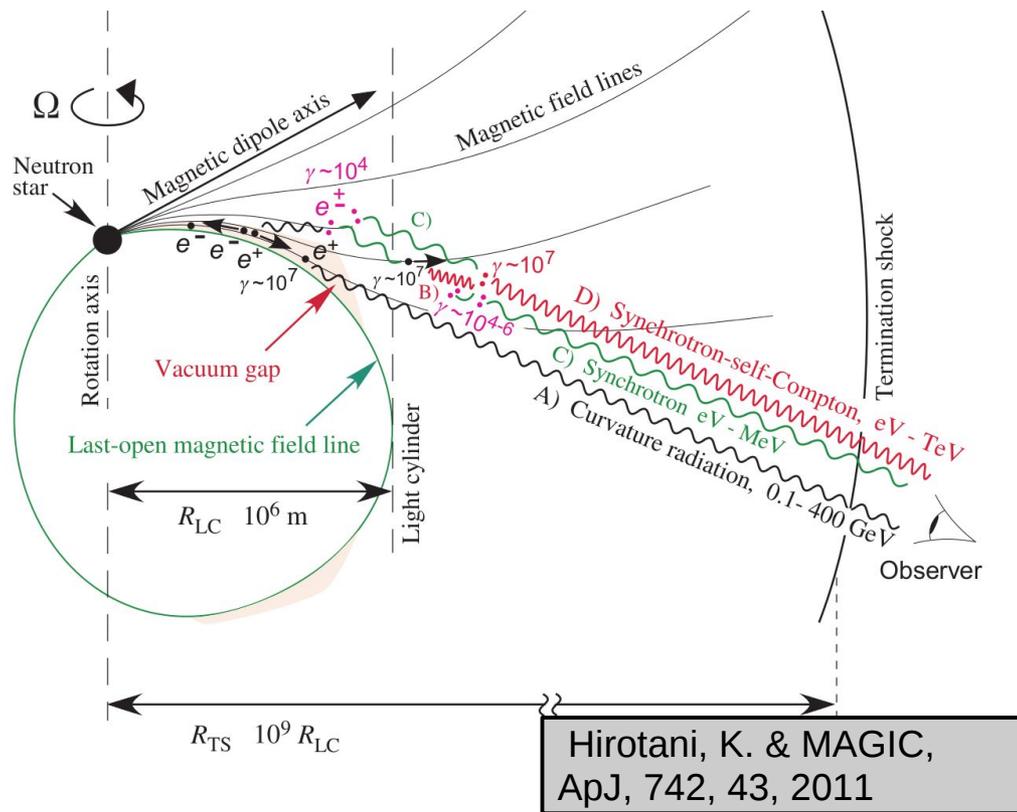
- TeV energies, the region in which particles are accelerated has to extend up to a much larger radius. **Model can not reproduce Emission above 400 GeV.**

- It fails in reproducing the Phaseogram

Ruled out! (Need to be revised)

- Constraining the emission site (highly model dependent)

2. Magnetospheric synchrotron-self-Compton model



- Can explain VHE photons

Primary electrons escaping the gap
Compton up-scatter soft photons
to TeV.

Re-absorbed, shower of secondaries.
(e^\pm) pairs (with $\Gamma \sim 10^4-7$)
repeat the same process

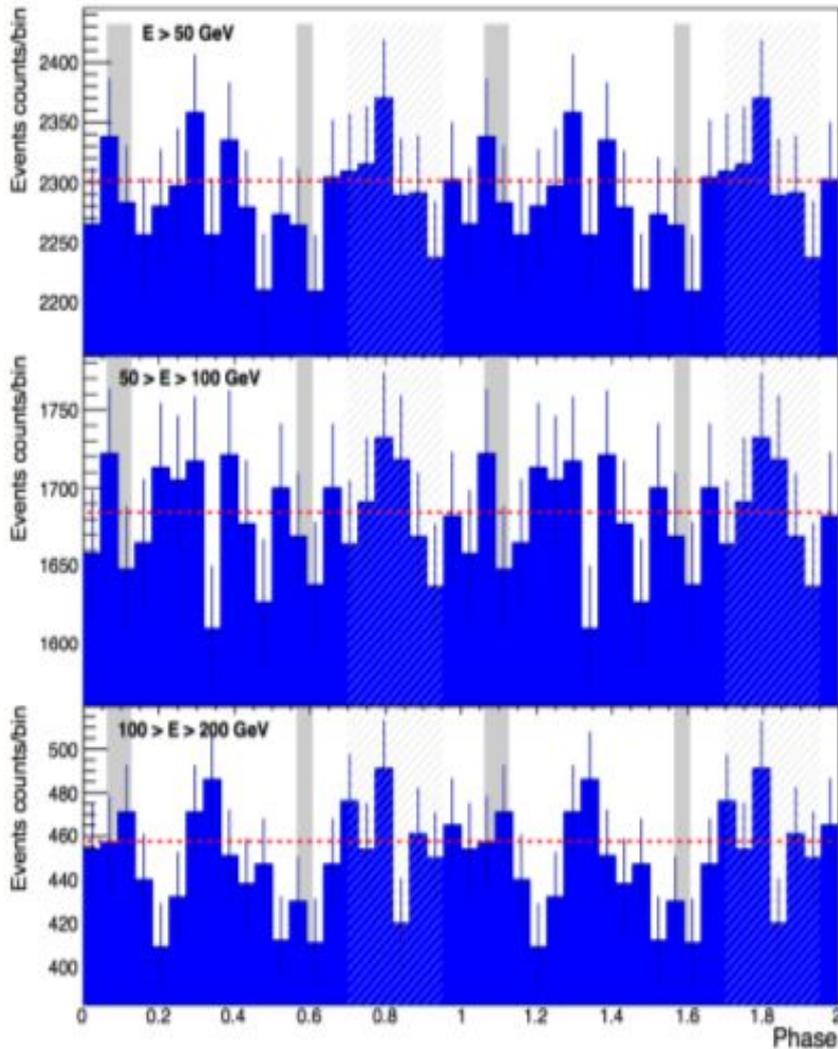
- **BUT:** Synchronization of the pulse
profile in the GeV and TeV suggest a
similar region of generation.

Looking for Geminga

arXiv:1603.00730



Lookig for Geminga



Geminga is one of the most interesting targets since:

It is the one of the most bright pulsar in X-Ray

**At 3 GeV, 5 times brighter than Crab
Nearby 2.5 pc**

Power-law-like extension after the break is reported based on Fermi data

25 GeV pulsation is also detected (1FHL)

But with 63 h of data after quality cuts, we have no detection.

Lookig for Geminga

- Cutoff power law fit to LAT data above 0.1 GeV

$$\frac{dF}{dE} = N_0 \left(\frac{E}{E_0} \right)^{-\alpha} \exp(-(E/E_c)^b),$$

	N_0	α	E_c [GeV]	b
P1	3.0 ± 0.3	1.12 ± 0.04	1.2 ± 0.1	0.81 ± 0.04
P2	4.3 ± 0.4	0.78 ± 0.03	1.1 ± 0.1	0.70 ± 0.03
PA	28.3 ± 1.8	0.94 ± 0.02	0.8 ± 0.1	0.67 ± 0.02

< 1

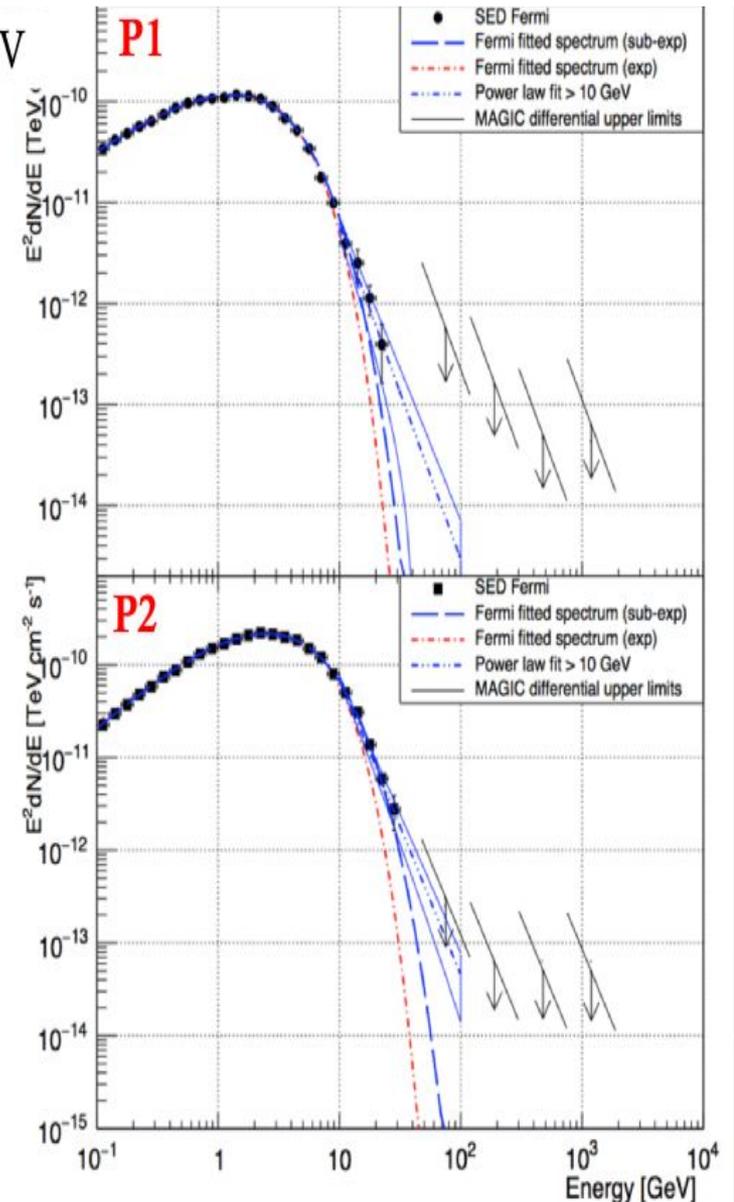
- Power law fit to LAT data above 10 GeV

$$\frac{dF}{dE} = N_0 (E / 10 \text{ GeV})^{-\alpha}$$

	N_0	α
P1	$(5.9 \pm 1.4) \times 10^{-5}$	5.3 ± 0.7
P2	$(7.2 \pm 0.1) \times 10^{-4}$	5.2 ± 0.3

$N_0 [10^{-10} \text{ MeV}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1} \text{ cm}^{-2}]$

- P2 limits are close to but slightly above the power law extension.
- Lowering energy threshold is important.



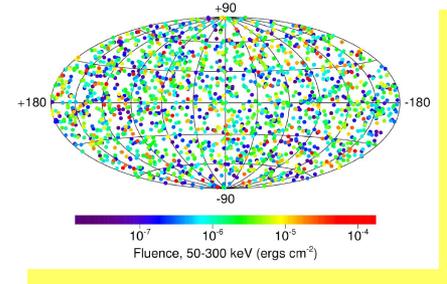
The New Sum-Trigger-II

LOWERING THE ENERGY THRESHOLD OF
THE MAGIC TELESCOPES



The Sum-Trigger-II: Low Energy Observation, Goals

- Discovery
- Variability studies
- Energy evolution studies
- Spectrum component



High Z

GRBs

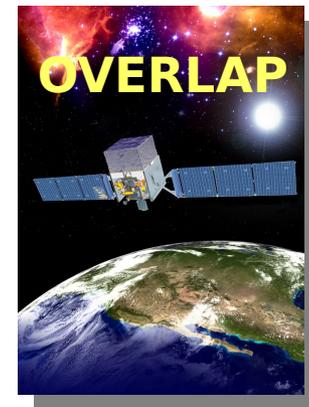
AGNs



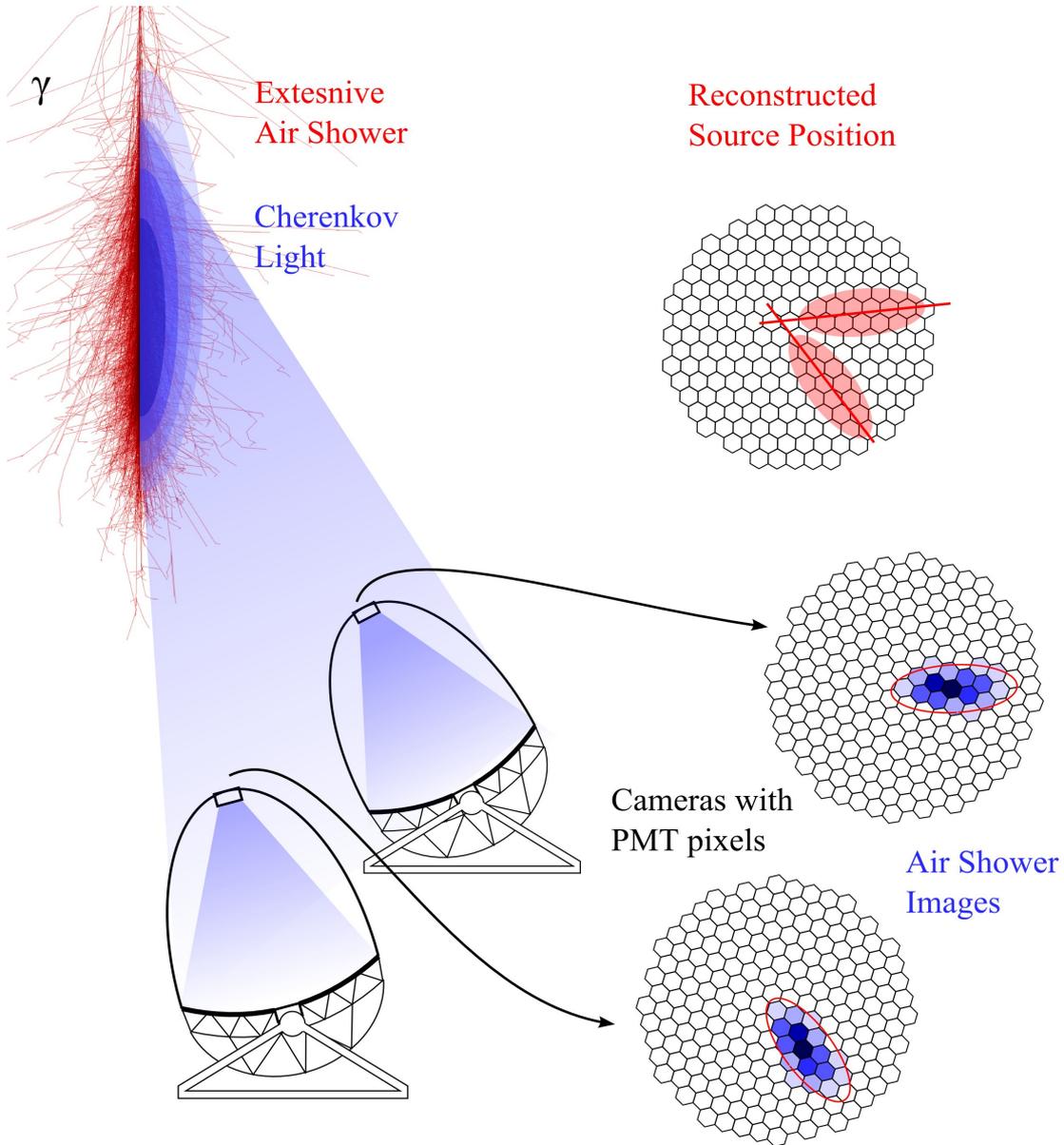
PULSARS

Quantum Gravity effects

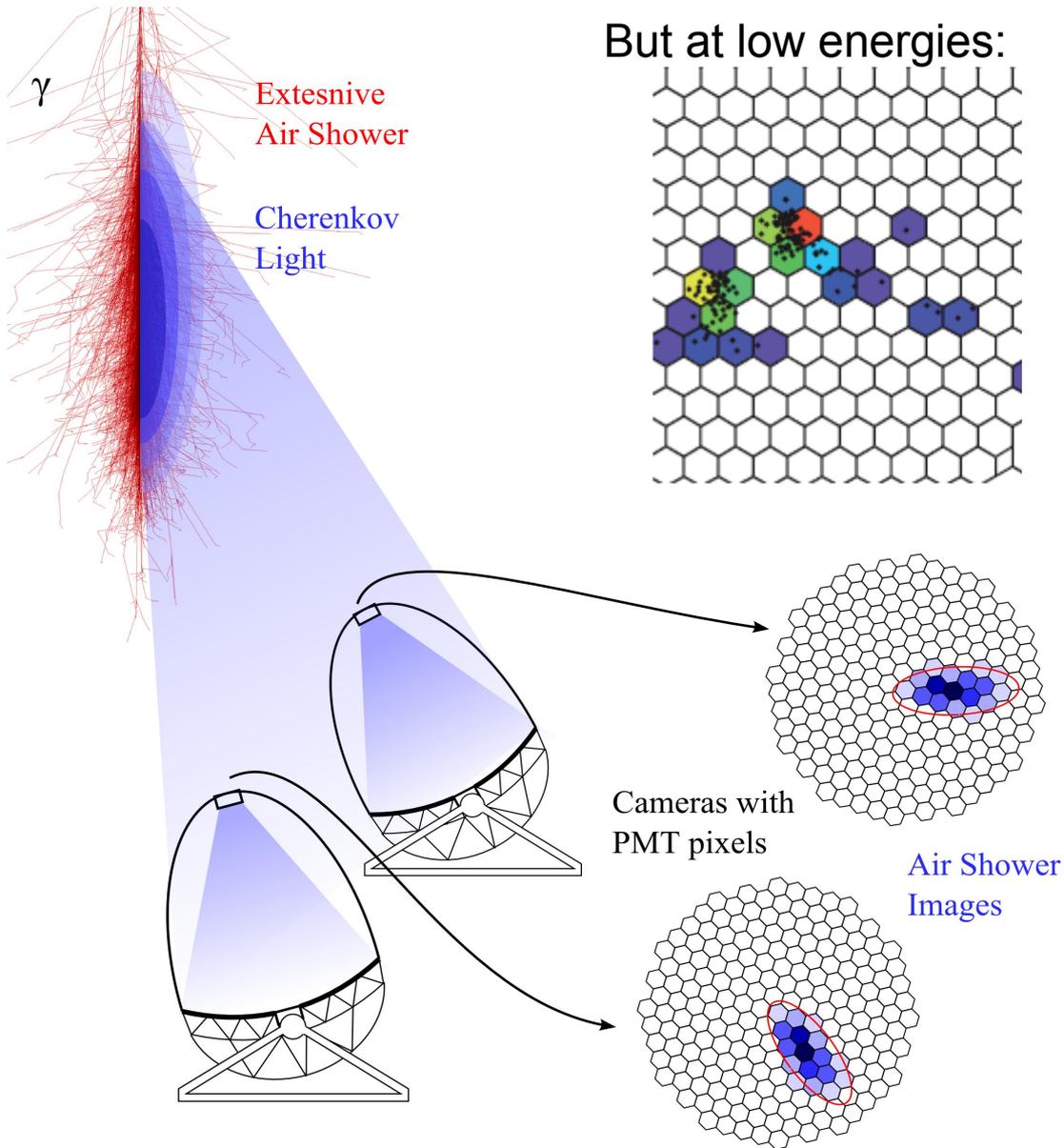
EBL



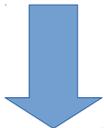
The Sum-Trigger-II: Low Energy Observation, difficulties



The Sum-Trigger-II: Low Energy Observation, difficulties



**Shower develops
max 11-12km**

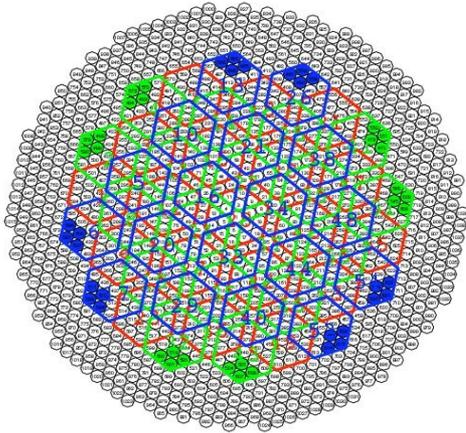


Low n :
 $s(\theta_c) = 1/(n\beta)$

***High E_t to
produce
Cherenkov light**

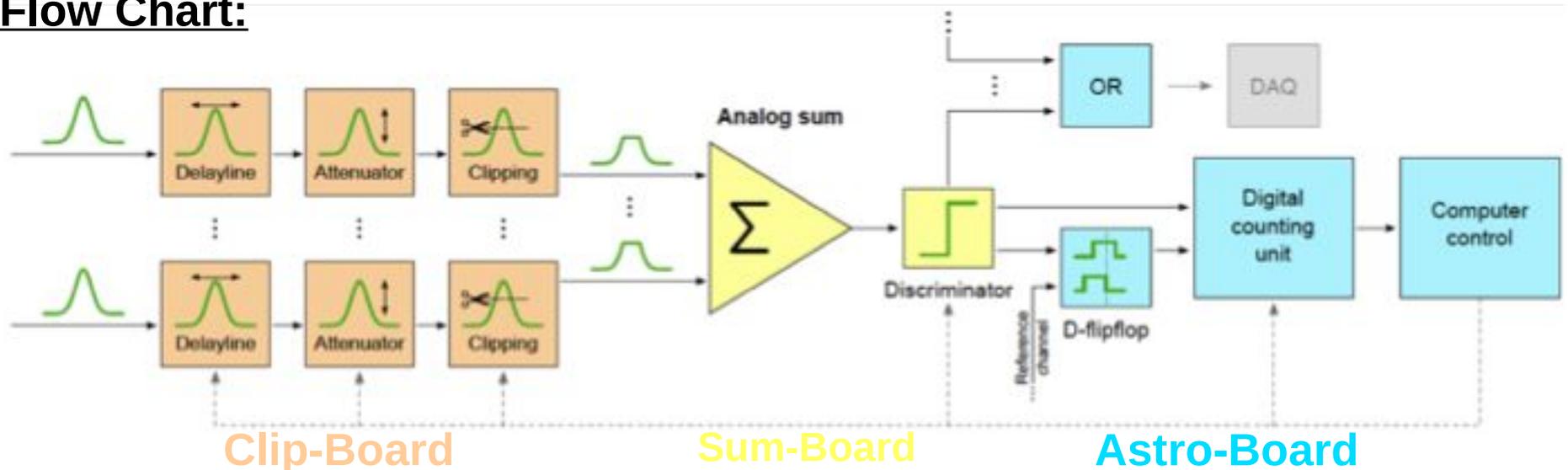
*** Small θ_c**
- Small size
- Collimated beam,
less triggers at large
impact parameter

The Sum-Trigger-II



- Sum of analog signals of a patch of 19 PMTs.
- Use small photon signals below the single channel threshold.
- Integration of larger area (size of shower) increases S/N.
- Camera subdivide in 55 macrocells that operate independently.
- The final trigger is a Global OR of the local macrocells trigger.

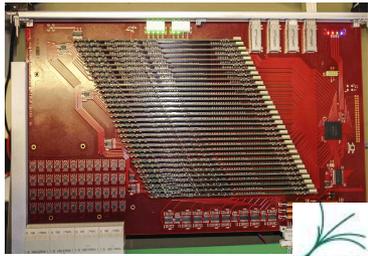
Flow Chart:



The Sum-Trigger-II



Meudon 2016



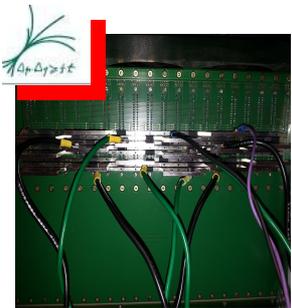
Clip-Board



Sum-Board



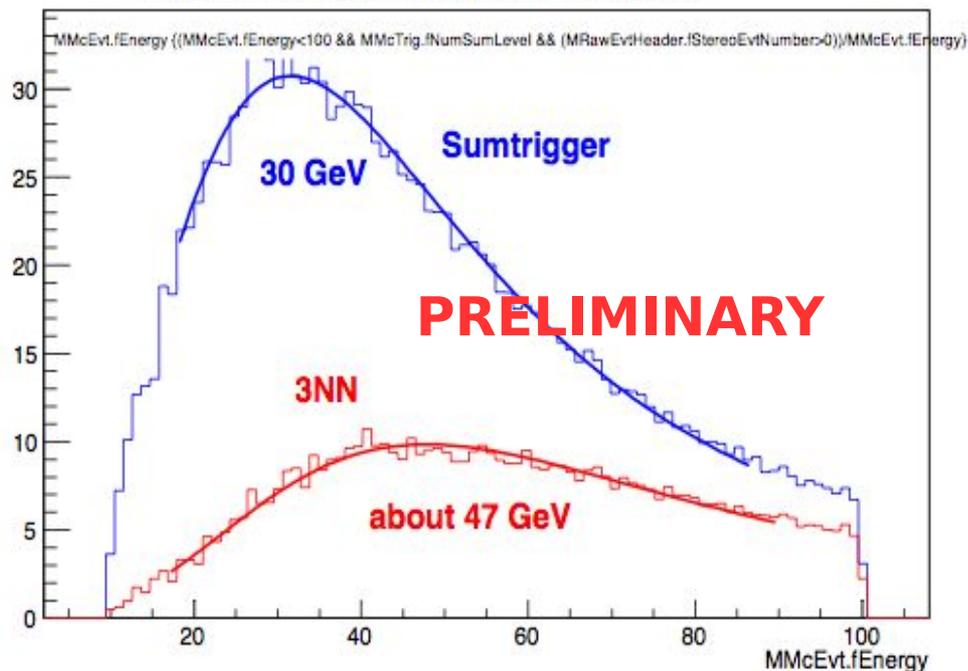
Astro-Board



Fast “status of the art” analog electronics.
-Work with analog 2,6 ns signal in the ps order,
and gain adjustment 0.5db

First Results and work on going

Comparison stereo energy threshold



- Sum-Trigger: 4.2 sigma in 1.2 h (standard analysis)
 - Previous MAGIC : 10.4 sigma in 72 h
- <http://arxiv.org/pdf/1202.3008.pdf>

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